

## ANARCHIST PLOT IS UNEARTHED

### Had Plans Laid For Big Riot In New York.

### Conspiracy to Assassinate Coun- try's Richest Men and Raid Banks Nipped in Bud.

New York, March 2.—An attempt to blow up St. Patrick's Cathedral with a bomb to-day and the arrest of two men by detectives who had been informed for months of their activities, was followed by an announcement made at police headquarters that the arrests had balked an anarchist plot to kill with bombs Andrew Carnegie, John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and other wealthy men. Thereafter the anarchists, according to the police, were to inaugurate in New York City a reign of terror comparable only to the days of the French Revolution.

It was part of the plot, the police assert, for gangs of men armed with rifles and revolvers to appear simultaneously in various parts of the city to shoot and to pillage; the biggest banks of New York City were to be blown up and many wealthy men were to be slain.

It was announced at police headquarters this afternoon that Abarno had made a confession in which he admitted the existence of a plan to begin a reign of terror in this city which would include the assassination of Andrew Carnegie, John D. Rockefeller, Cornelius Vanderbilt and other wealthy men.

The wrecking of the cathedral was to be the signal for the opening of the elaborate campaign of murder and looting. The next movement, according to the police, was to place bombs in the homes of Andrew Carnegie, the Rockefellers and Cornelius Vanderbilt. So far had the plot progressed toward this end that the manufacture of the bombs, the police say, had already been started.

**Plan Reign of Terror.**  
With these and other capitalists disposed of, the anarchists planned, according to the police, to invade the financial district and lay their bombs in the city's biggest banks. General looting was to follow.

For months a central office detective had worked in the inner circle of the anarchists, according to the police story, and had kept the Detective Bureau advised of all their plans. This detective, Frank Baldo, assisted in the manufacture of the bomb with which the attempt was made to blow up the cathedral. The detective accompanied the bomb thrower to the edifice and sat with him while he lighted the bomb and hurled it at the altar.

Immediately the cathedral, in which 800 persons sat at worship, became alive with detectives, whose presence had been unsuspected by the bomb carrier. Baldo, sitting beside him, placed him under arrest; detectives sitting in the pew behind dashed into the aisle and stamped out the sputtering fuse. The congregation hardly realized what had happened when it was all over and there was no panic.

At police headquarters the alleged bomb thrower said he was Frank Abarno, a lithographer, twenty-four years old. Soon after he was taken to headquarters detectives acting upon information given them by Baldo arrested Charles Carbone, an eighteen-year-old boy, and charged him with complicity in the plot and with helping to make the bomb.

**Walks Into Trap.**  
When Abarno entered the cathedral door, his bomb in a package under his coat and Baldo at his side, he walked onto a stage whose every setting had been placed there by detectives. Two scrub women on which he passed were in reality central office detectives. The white-wigged priest who met them at the door and took them to a seat down near the front of the church and close to the altar was a Sergeant of police.

Just behind Abarno there entered the church, quite casually, two more detectives, who followed the pseudo priest and took seats at his bidding in the pew behind. It was these

men who saved the cathedral from damage by beating out the fire in the fuse.

Abarno realized the identity of his companion a moment after he had lighted from the glowing end of a cigar the fuse of the bomb which he carried under his coat. The missile had barely left his hand, to lie for a moment on the carpet at the foot of the altar, when Baldo pinioned Abarno's arms behind him, told him that he was under arrest and started to leave the church. Abarno permitted himself to be handcuffed to his captor without resistance and walked meekly down the aisle with other detectives surrounding him.

### Death of James W. Ward.

Mr. James W. Ward, an old citizen of the No Creek neighborhood, died Wednesday morning at his home of diseases incident to old age. Mr. Ward was 76 years old and had spent his life in the same locality where he was honored and respected by all. His funeral was conducted at the Methodist church yesterday afternoon at one o'clock by his pastor, Rev. Eli Wesley, assisted by Rev. R. D. Bennett, after which the burial was at the Carson burying ground. He leaves a widow and a large number of children to mourn their loss. He will be greatly missed in his community where he was known for his rugged honesty and kindly spirit. His popularity was attested by the great throng attending his funeral to pay their respects to his memory.

### May Send Japanese Army to Europe.

Yokohama, March 3.—The project of sending a Japanese army to Europe is to be pushed still further by those who have proposed the idea. A mass meeting was held here on February 4, and largely attended by those who cheered the chauvinistic speeches. The following resolution was adopted:

"The association advocating the dispatch of Japanese troops to Europe pledges itself to do its best to induce the Imperial Government to arrange with the Governments of Great Britain, Russia and France, the terms on which Japanese troops are to be dispatched to Europe, in compliance with their desire. With this end in view the present association will try to create public opinion on the subject."

Shuroku Kuroiwa, editor of the Yoruozu, a newspaper which has been active in support of the plan of sending troops to Europe, declared in a speech at the meeting that if the present war should end in victory for the Germans, the future of Japan would be in danger. He held it was most important that Japan should do all in its power to avert such an issue. He also said if the Allies were victorious their influence would necessarily extend to the east and an alliance with these Powers would be necessary. Under these circumstances he believed Japan would do well to render assistance at the present time.

He spoke of a third possibility, namely that if the war should be a long one, to the exhaustion of the belligerent Powers, it would be inevitable that the United States would gain the ascendancy, in which event he thought pressure would be brought to bear upon Japan by the United States.

Korehiro Kurahara, a member of Parliament, also spoke. He asked why the Japanese people acted as if the war were brought to an end with the fall of Tsingtau. The present, he said, was a most critical period for Japan, and it was the duty of the nation to give full play to the Yama-to spirit characteristic of the Japanese people and to dispatch troops to Europe without delay.

### Some Corn Raising.

The winners of the Boys' Corn club have just been ascertained as to who raised the greatest number of bushels at least cost per bushel, under offer of the Fiscal Court of last year. Their names are as follows: Daniel Hunt, 65 bushels and 40 pounds, cost 12.6c per bu.; Rigdon Childers, 102 bushels and 4 pounds, cost 13.2c per bu.

The above are the winners of that contest and show the production of corn at that rate per bushel. There were other boys in the contest who did not furnish to the committee the cost per bushel per acre to raise it. Ohio county should be very proud of these boys, and some steps should be taken to perpetuate the boys corn clubs and make it a county institution.

## PLAN ARMY OF RESERVES

### Prominent Citizens Who Be- lieve Country in Peril.

### Roosevelt Says He Will Raise Nine Regiments For Organization.

New York, March 1.—Formal announcement was made her last night of the formation of an organization of first reserves to be known as the American Legion, to be composed of former army, navy and militiamen, which will better insure the nation's preparedness in case of war. Capt. Gordon Johnston, aide-de-camp to Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding the Department of the East, made the announcement on behalf of a group of army and navy men who in an unofficial capacity are acting with civilians in promoting the movement. Capt. Johnston said that it is planned to establish within a short time a first reserve of between 250,000 and 300,000 former army and navy militiamen for instant call in case of emergency.

Maj. Gen. Wood has already given the plan his unofficial indorsement, and former President Roosevelt has written a letter approving the proposal. Numerous other public men have indorsed the project, and a statement by the promoters says that former Secretaries of War and of the Navy have indicated their willingness to act in an advisory capacity. Ascertaining that he and his four sons will become members of the legion, Col. Roosevelt in a letter to the organizers says that in the event of war he intends to ask Congress for permission to raise a division of cavalry.

Mr. Roosevelt's letter in part follows: "I and my four sons will gladly become members. I very earnestly hope and pray that there will be no war; but the surest way to avoid war is to be prepared for it; and the only way to avoid disaster and disgrace in war is by preparation, both military and naval, in advance."

"In the event of war I should ask permission of Congress to raise a division of cavalry that is, nine regiments, such as the regiment I commanded in Cuba; and unquestionably the ranks of these regiments would largely be filled from the men of the legion and would in their entirety be filled by men such as those in the legion; for in the event of war there will be no time to train the men first called upon in such duties as shooting, riding and taking care of themselves in the open."

"We should as a nation have begun to prepare ourselves the minute this war broke out seven months ago. It is absolutely impossible to be sure, when there is such a tremendous war, that we shall not be drawn into it against our will. The people of this country are only beginning to realize the extent of our military and naval unpreparedness."

Col. Roosevelt says he will gladly serve as chairman of the Legions' Board of Honorary Advisors and hopes that the legion will accomplish its purpose in organizing a first reserve, for he says:

"It is idle for us to trust to arbitration and neutral treaties unbacked by force. Let us act justly toward others and let us also be prepared with stout heart and strong hand to defend our rights against injustice from others."

In a formal statement of the aims and objects of the legion given out last night by Capt. Johnston and his associates, it is said that the Legion, now being incorporated under the laws of New York State, plans to enroll in its membership first, all men who have had army and naval training and are therefore equipped for instant service. But the legion seeks to enroll patriotic citizens generally, especially those who have been unable to serve in the army, navy or organized militia in time of peace, but whose special qualifications make them immediately valuable.

"It is planned to have two active branches of the legion," said Capt. Johnston. "The line will be composed exclusively of men who have had army or navy service or who can

handle a high power rifle and are seasoned in that fundamental of soldiering, taking care of themselves, roughing it in the open—a combination of regulars and rough riders."

"The special service branch of the legion will accept in its various services, only those men with thorough technical qualification, such as engineers, doctors, aviators, blacksmiths, telegraphists chauffeurs and men of dozens of other special calling. It will be what the Government now lacks—a first reserve."

### Roosevelt Replies to Barnes' Petition.

Syracuse, N. Y., Feb. 27.—The local attorneys for Theodore Roosevelt in the libel action brought against the former President by William Barnes, Jr., today received copies of the bill of particulars which Col. Roosevelt has filed in reply to Mr. Barnes' demand.

Mr. Barnes called for a specification of "the several matters in regard to which the administration of the State government of New York has been insufficient, wasteful and in some instances corrupt."

Mr. Roosevelt replies that the periods referred to are the years 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914. He bases his information on an editorial published in Mr. Barnes' newspaper and also on the platform adopted by the Republicans in the last State campaign which charges the Democrats with gross abuses in administration and legislation during the four years they were in power.

Specifications are given by Col. Roosevelt to the charge that from 1898 to 1914 there had been co-operation between the Democratic and Republican organizations with regard to legislation.

In answer to request for names of political leaders who are alleged to have been hostile to the franchise tax law, Mr. Roosevelt names Mr. Barnes, among others.

In regard to times and places when and where Mr. Barnes is alleged to have entered into agreements (or others with his knowledge entered into agreements) with regard to legislation or executive action which favored or opposed as it would affect the pecuniary interests of such contributors, Mr. Roosevelt says it was since 1896 and prior to September 28, 1914. He gives the names of the parties with whom such alleged agreements were entered into as Anthony N. Brady, Robert C. Pruyn, the Mutual Life Insurance Company and the Equitable Life Insurance Company, of New York.

### American Held Prisoner in Mexico Without Trial.

El Paso, Tex., March 2.—Reports from the highest authority which reached the border to-day told of the imprisonment since February 13 in the Chihuahua penitentiary of Leonard Worcester, Jr., an American mining man of Chihuahua City. Worcester, it was said, has been held by the Villa authorities without trial.

The case was reported some time ago to the State Department through Marion Letcher, American Consul at Chihuahua City, and George C. Carothers, State Department representative.

Worcester was arrested on a charge of having defrauded Francisco Rueda Unifano of money alleged to have been due him from the Granby Mining & Smelting Company, of St. Louis, Mo., of which the imprisoned American was said to be chief assayer. The money was claimed as due for a quantity of zinc ore secured from a confiscated mine which the complainant was said to have leased from the Villa government.

### Warren Lindley Dead.

Mr. Warren Lindley died at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Tilden Taylor, of the Point vicinity, with whom he resided, at 8:10 o'clock last Monday morning of stomach troubles and complications. After funeral services conducted by Rev. R. D. Bennett, of Hartford, at the residence at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, his remains were interred in the family burying grounds in the presence of a large circle of friends and relatives. The deceased was born October 24, 1849, therefore was 65 years old, four months and seven days old.

Mr. Lindley, who was one of Ohio county's most highly respected citizens, leaves surviving him two sons, three daughters, and many other relatives and friends to mourn his demise.

## 'POSSUM HUNTER' JURY IMPANELED

### Muhlenberg Cases Being Tried in Simpson.

### Number of Witnesses Testify and Retell Stories of Law- lessness.

Franklin, Ky., March 3.—The case of the alleged 'possum hunters' which by change of venue was transferred from Muhlenberg to Simpson county was called at 10:30 o'clock this morning. No trouble is anticipated in Franklin and all is quiet regardless of the rumors afloat that the hardware merchants here have for the last few days been doing a lucrative business in their ammunition department, cartridges for rifles being much in demand.

When the case was called both the defense and Commonwealth announced ready for trial. A jury consisting of armers was impaneled this morning. They are Jay Lewis, M. C. Flemming, Charles Smith, Paul Williams, J. D. Dinning, J. H. Duffer, Vol Bunch, M. E. Arnold, B. S. Bryan, O. G. Bryum, T. L. Cushman and John Ray.

The case was presented to the jury by both the Commonwealth and defense. The former is represented by James R. Mallory, Commonwealth Attorney; W. H. Gray, county attorney of Muhlenberg; Thomas Sparks, of Greenville; G. W. Roark, of this place. The defense is represented by Denning & Clark, of Greenville; C. B. Moore and G. T. Finn, of Franklin. The witnesses introduced this afternoon were Robert Wyckliffe, Sheriff of Muhlenberg; Bradley Mallory, clerk at the store where the raid was made; J. B. Cox, owner of the store and manager of the coal mines where the defendants were wounded.

Drs. Benton and Slayton, who attended the wounded men; John Rose and Phil Miller, members of Muhlenberg county lodges who claimed to be members of the "possum hunters," and Robert, John and Byrum Cundiff and Sam Lynch, who heard shots fired.

According to testimony given by an alleged "possum hunter," J. B. Cox received a warning that his store would be visited on the night of July 18, 1914. The warning is alleged to have come from a man who was forced to join the "possum hunters." Cox armed himself and hid in the back yard of his store. When the raiders arrived they broke open a window and exploded a dynamite bomb inside, tearing a hole in the floor. Cox opened fire upon the party and they, in turn, shot and wounded him. The five men on trial were also wounded. Drs. Benton and Slayton attended them. Bradley Mallory, the clerk, upon hearing the melee took refuge between a couple of mattresses in an upstairs room in the store. John Rose and Phil Miller testified that "possum hunters" were discussed at meetings of organized lodges in Muhlenberg county.

### Frank Case Before Supreme Court.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Arguments on the Georgia federal court's decision in refusing a writ of habeas corpus to Leon M. Frank, under death sentence for the murder of Mary Phagan, the Atlanta factory girl, will be concluded to-day before the United States supreme court. The decision probably will not be given for several weeks.

### The Cambridge Players.

This organization marks the beginning of a new epoch in lyceum entertainment. This was the first company organized by Mr. Elias Day and to which his name was given as coach and director. The programs are changed yearly and offer to the public entertainments of purpose, variety and thoroughly artistic modeling, with an attention to detail that has been a revelation.

All costuming is historically correct and procured without regard to expense. The scenes from famous plays are the most vital, the humor clean and wholesome, the singing above reproach.

The Cambridge Players will enter-

tain at College Hall Thursday night, March 11. The last number on the local lyceum course.

### Soldiers Pray Before Battle.

New York, Feb. 27.—National religious regeneration is in progress in England and the Puritan spirit has seized the British army, according to F. Herbert Stead, of Browning Hall, London, who arrived here last night, a passenger on the steamship Baltic.

"The result of this war from the religious point of view," said Mr. Stead, "promises to be a real national regeneration. Rarely do the men go into the trenches until they have offered prayer. I heard of several different companies that would not go into battle until after prayer, the men even insisting on their colonel leading them in prayer."

### Death of Miss Lucile Taylor.

Not only the people of Hartford, where she was in school several years, nor those of McHenry, where she was employed as teacher; nor only the citizens of Beaver Dam and Liberty, but all of this part of the county was shocked when the news of the death of Miss Lucile Taylor reached here Monday morning. Many have passed their active years of life and are now waiting patiently for the end. That one of these could not answer the call for one so young, so attractive and so lovely seems a pity, indeed.

About two weeks ago Miss Taylor had an attack of appendicitis which appeared so serious that she was taken from McHenry to a Louisville hospital for an operation. The operation was made but the physicians encouraged little hope for her recovery. However, she improved for several days and it was thought, had a good chance to recover when the end came Monday morning at 6 o'clock. Upon the patients request the nurse had gone for a glass of water and upon her return found that the young lady was dead.

The remains were brought to Beaver Dam and rested Monday night at the home of Mr. Horace Taylor with whom Lucile had made her home since the death of her parents several years ago. Funeral and burial were held at Liberty Tuesday at 11:00 o'clock. Revs. Russell and Napier conducting the service.

Many friends from McHenry, Beaver Dam, Hartford and other places attended the funeral and with sad hearts were conscious of their loss.

The pall bearers were composed of young lady friends of the deceased.

### A. S. of E. Meeting at Fordville.

State Headquarters A. S. of E., March 1.—National Organizer of the American Society of Equity M. F. Sharp of St. Paul, Minnesota, will address the people of Fordville and community on Saturday, March 6, on the great principles of Equity. This will be an opportunity for everybody to hear a thorough discussion of Equity and also to become a member of this great organization that is now so firmly planted in so many states of the Union and beside the great educational benefits this organization of farmers is offering, millions of dollars worth of business is being done by its members. So we invite every man, woman and child to come to Fordville, Ky. at 1 p. m. on Saturday March 6.

### S. B. ROBERTSON, State Sec'y. A. S. of E.

### Car Load of Poultry Wanted.

Will pay the following cash prices delivered at Dundee, Ky., Monday, March 8, 1915:

Hens	.....12c
Roosters	.....6c
Ducks	.....12c
Geese	.....7c
Turkeys	.....12c
Guineas	.....15c each

Will receive all day. Please do not feed your poultry on date of delivery. Poultry does not thrive that has been stuffed and in addition, it runs our shrinkage up. Will pay above prices delivered at Hartford, Ky., from Tuesday, March 9, 9:00 a. m., to Wednesday, March 10, 9:00 a. m., 1915. W. E. ELLIS & BRO., Hartford, Ky.

### A. S. of E. Notice.

Hartford local A. S. of E. No. 604, will meet at the Bennett schoolhouse next Friday night, March 5th. All those wishing to pool poultry are requested to be present.

T. H. BALMAIN, Pres.